ብዝሀ ሕይወት ለምግብ ዋስትና

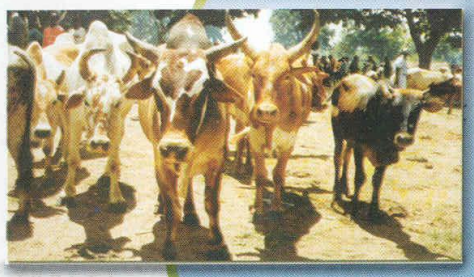
የብዝሀ ሕይወት ገፅታ

ብዝሀ ሕይወት የሚለው ቃል ሕይወታዊ ሀብቶች (ዕፅዋት፣ እንስሳትና ጥቃቅን ሕዋሳት) ባላቸውና በሚፈጥሩት ተለያይነት (diversity) እንዲሁም በአውደ መኖሪያቸው (natural habitat) ውስጥ የሚያደርጉትን መስተጋብር ጨምሮ ባንድነት የሚገለፅበት ፅንሰ ሀሳብ ነው። ይህ ሀብት ዓለማችን ሕይወትን ለማዘል የታደለችበት ተፈጥሯዊ ብቃት ማይሽረሽርባት በዝግመተ-ሂደት (evolutionary processes) ውስጥ እንድትቀጥል የሚያስችላት ፀጋ ነው። የዓለማችን ብዝሀ ሕይወት መጠን ገና በውል ተጠንቶ ባይታወቅም እስከ አሁን 20% ግምት የሚሰጣቸው 1.75 ሚሊዮን ያህል ዓይነቴዎች ብቻ ተለይተው ተመዝግበዋል። ከነዚህም ውስጥ አነስተኛ መጠን ያላቸው ዓይነቴዎች ለምግብነት፣ ለመድሃኒትነት፣ ለኢንዱስትሪ ጥሬ ዕቃነት ሊኖራቸው ከሚችለው ፋይዳ አንፃር ተጠንተዋል። በአሁኑ ጊዜ የዓለም ብዝሀ ሕይወት በጅምላና በአስፈሪ ፍጥነት እየተመናመነ ባለበት ዘመን ላይ እንገኛለን።

የብዝሀ ሕይወት ሀገራዊ ሀብታችን

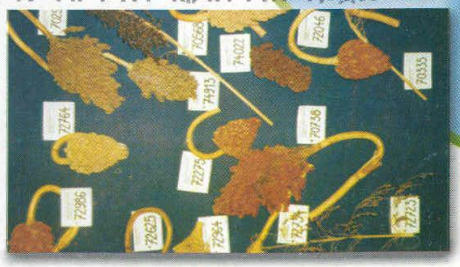
ኢትዮጵያ በብዝሀ ሕይወት ዕምቅ ሀብት መገኛነቷና በተለያይነት ምንጭነቷ የምትታወቅ ሀገር ናት። የአህጉራችን ብቸኛና ከ12ቱ የዓለም አካባቢዎች (Vavilovian Centers) አንዷ የሰብሎች መሠረተ መገኛ ስለሆነች የዓለምን ሰብል ተመራማሪዎች ትኩረት የሳበች ሀገር ሆናለች። ሀገሪቱ ከስድስት ሺህ በላይ የዕፅዋት ዓይነቴዎች የሚገኙባት ከመሆኗ ባሻገር ከዚሁ ውስጥ የ12% ያህሉ ብቸኛ ባለቤት መሆኗ ይነገርላታል።

ሰፊ የዝርያ ተለያይነትና ብዝሃዊነት ያላቸው በርካታ የለማዳ፣ የዱርና የውኃ ውስጥ እንስሳት ሀብት ባለቤትም ነች። ከዱርና ከውኃ ውስጥ እንስሳት ዓይነቴዎች ውስጥ 105 የሚሆኑት ብርቅዬዎች ናቸው።



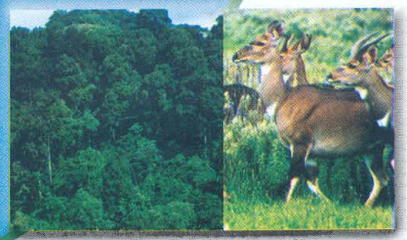
ብዝሀ ሕይወት ለምግብ ዋስትና

የሀገራችን ገበሬ ከብዙ ሺህ ዓመታት ጀምሮ ሲጠቀም የኖረው ተፈጥሮ የለገሰችውን ሀገር በቀል ሕይወታዊ ሀብቱን ነው። ይህንንም ሀብቱን የተፈጥሮ ውስጣዊ ህዋስ በሆነው በዘረመል ብዝሃዊነት (genetic diversity) ሪድኤት አማካኝነት በራሱ የልምድ ዕውቀትና በዘመናዊ ቴክኖሎጂዎች በመታገዝ የሀገሪቱን የምግብ ፍላጎት ሊያስተናግድ ቆይታል።



Biqiltuuwwan, beeyiladootaa fi lubbuqabeeyyin xixinoon qabeenyummaan lubbuu fi silamnaan garaagarummaa isaanii kophaa isaa hanqina nyaataa dedeebi'e nutti danqaramu salphisuu akkaa hin dandeenye amanamaadha. Hata'u malee haala kana sababoota dandamachuu nudandeessisan keessaa tokkoo fi inni ol'aanaan baayi'ina gosoota sanyii fi garaagarummaa qabeenya kanaa akkasumas walittii makama isaanitii. Qabeenyootaa kana haala fayyadama wabii nyatatiif akka itti o'lan ilaalchisee bakka lamaattii qoodanii ilaaluun nidanda'ama. Tokkoffaan lubbuuqabeenya keenya mala filanoo fi hoomisha aadaatiin gara nyaataa fi faayidaa garagaraa keessa galchuudha. Lammaffaan issaa immoo qabeenya lubbuuqabeeyyii hedduu kanaa hojii qorannoo keessa galchuudhaan teeknoloojii ammayyaadhaan fooyya'anii nyaataa fi tajaajila bu'uuraa keessa akka ol'an dandeessiisuudha.

Kennaa garaagarumaa lubbuuqabeeyyi ittiin fayyadamuudhan sanyii midhaanii qorannoon biyyaa kessatti kan gadilakifaman keessaa 70% o'l kan ta'anu sanyiiwwan turan keessaa kan argamanidha. Faayidaa biyya keessaattis itti dabalee Itiyoophiyaa keessaa kan argaman kan akka dhukkuba garbuu *"yellow dwarf virus"* jedhamuu kan dandaa'an, naamunaa *(accessions)* *"decaffeinated coffee"*, gosaa sanyii xaafi "gluten free" kan ta'anif qabeenyoota midhaani ...kkf akkasumas qabeenyoota biyyaa kan ta'an biqiltuuwwan, beeyiladootaa fi lubbuuqabeeyyii xixiqqoo qorachuudhaaniifi fayyadamuudhaan waliigaltee guutuu addunyaa seera qabeessa bu'uura gochuudhaan galii sharafa biyya alaa o'l aanaa argachuun nidanda'ama.



Guyyaa nyaata addunyaa (Oktober 2004) sadarka biyyaalcssaatti ayyanna kabajamuuf barreffama qophaa'e

WFP IBC MoARD CRDA FAO

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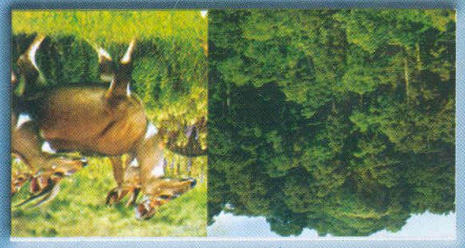
ጥቡዕ ጀርዝኑኃ ሃ6ሀ (2004 ጋሀቱዛሂ)
ኔቀ ሁሬፊኃ ፊሃዩኃ ዐወ7ሀዛኤሃ ጀገኃ ሕ·ንሣሁሀ



::ሃሀቷኟ ሂኢሎሎ
ህሪ ግዙሬፊ ቌወኃ ኟኑ3ሂ ሂንጠወ ሂፋፊፊሥ
3ቀሂ ፊሃዩ ወኟህ ሁህሬሂ ፊቀሠመሀ ኑሂኑሕሎህ
ኤሂህሣ ኔቂቆኤ ኑሂህህሂሂ ፤ኤኑቈዩዩ ሃቀህ
ጋሊበ ኟ·ሃሃ ፊ·በ3ሂሂ ኟቱህበ ሃህሃኃ ኤሂ·ሃህህመኃ
ኑሂኟፊፉጋዘ ቱሣ ግgluten free ፤ (accessions)
ኤኟፊኑ·መኑ ፤ ኃdecaffeinated coffee ፤ኤኟ·ሃመግዘ
ዪቆቅኑ ሥሂህ ህሁሪኃ ኤ·ወኟህኑኃ dwarf virus
ሃ·ህ ፊፊቂሌ ሌህ·ወ ጋሪበኂ ::·ወቷኑ ·ኟኤኑኃ ኟጋዘ
ጋህኂኂ ሂ·ኣብዪኃ ሃሃህ ጁዐፈኂ ሌህ·ወ ኟፊፉጋዘ
ሃህህኃ ቀቀህ·ኑኂ ጋፊፉጋፊህ ሌህ·ወ ኤኟግሪበህ
ፊቀሠመህ ኤር፱ ሂኂፉፉህ·ኑ ሂወፉሂ በዘህኃ

::·ወኂ ሃኟህዪ ·ህ·ወ3ሂኂ ሂ·ሃሬሃየኂ ሕ·ቮገጠመህ
ኔህሬፊህ ·ወሃሂኢ·ኑ ኟፎ3ኟ·ህኌሂት ሕኔመዘህ
ሂኂኂካዪኂ ·ገ·ሥ ጋፊፉጋፊኃ ፉፈህ·ኑህ ኤቱህበ ሂወፉሂ
በዘህኃ ሐዪኃ ·ወኟ·ኑህ·በ ኤፓህ ሂህሀህዪ ሌህ·ወ
ቮዪቀሠ ኟ·ሃሃ ኔሂህሬፊፊ ፉወ ፉዘ ሂን·ገመሂኃ
ኔሌገ·ገመሂኃ ሕኔሰህሀ ኤኑኟ·ቮህበ ሕ·ቮወፉሂ
·ዘህ ግንጋዘ ·ወኟ3ሂኂ ::ሃሀቷኟ ሂኃዪ ·ሃኃዪ ሂህ·በህ
ሂዘፉ ፊቀቀሠሂ ኔሂህፊ ሁሬፊህ ኟቱህበ ኤበ3ዚሂኂኃ
::·ወኂ ሂፉበ·ወ ሕ·ገሁር·ሂህመ ኟቱህበኃ ፊ·በ3ሂኂ
ሂኂፉፉህ·ኑ ኔሂዘህ ኟፊቭኂፉፉ፥ ሂህበ በንዘኃ ·ወኟኂፊ
ኔ3ሂኂ ሌህ·ወ ኟቱፉሂኂዪፊ ኤ·ህቷህኂ ፊቀቈመ
ሂ·ሃህኂ ኤኤበፉ ፊኤፊበ ::·ወኂ ኤ·መየ ህቷሃ3ሂኂ
·ወግጋቀህ ሂገኌየ ሁሬፊኃ ኤኤሁሬገ·ኌኃ ኌር·ፉፉ
ሂህ ·ወቷህህ ሂ·ገዘሬ ሂኂፉፉህ·ኑኃ ኔሂህበ ሕ·ቮወፉሂ
ሂህሐሂ ኤቀቆኤ ኔሂህህሂሂ ፤ኤቈዩዩ ፉፈህ·ኑኃ

Baa'ina Lubbuuqabeeyii Wabii Nyataatiif

Baa'ina Lubuuqabeeyii

Jechi baa'ina Luubuuqabeeyii jedhu qabeenyota lubbu qabeeyyii (biqiltuwwan, beeyiladootaa fi lubbu qabeeyyii xixinnoo) kan qabanuu fi baayina lubbuu (diversity) akkasumas naannoo jireenya isaanii (natural habitat) keessatti walta'umsa godhan dabalee yaada ibsuu dhaa. Qabeenyaan kun addunyaan keenya jireenya baadhachuudhaan uumamaatiin sooromte osoo irraa hin manca'in adeemsa tirannaa keessatti akka itti fuftu kan dandeessiisuudha. Baa'innii jireenya lubbu qabeyyootaa addunyaa amma reefuu guutummatti yoo hin beekamiis hanga ammaatti tilmama 20% kan kennamuf miliyoonni 1.75 qofti addan bahanii galmaahaniiru. Kanneen keessaas gosni muraasa nyaataa, qoriichummaa fi meeshaa dheedhii industiriitiif haala faayidaa qabaniin qoratamaniiru. Yeroo amma kessattii lubbuu qabeeyyiin baayyeen addunyaa keenyaa jilmaadhaannifi haalaa sodaachisaadhaan hirrachuu irratii argaman.

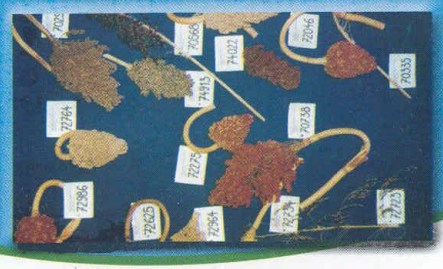
Baa'ina Luubuuqabeeyii Biyaa Keenya

Itiyoophiyaan biyya lubbuu qabeeyyii hedduun keessattii argamanii fi maddaa addaa ta'uudhaan kan beekamtuudha. Adda duree hardii keenyaa kophaa fi naannoole addunyaa 12 keessaa (Vavilovian Centers) dirree maddaa midhaani waan taateef qalbii qo'attoota biyyaa alaa addunyaa harkifteetti. Biyyattin kun bifa biqiltuu kuma jahaa o'l kan keessatti argamtuudha. Kana keessaas 12% abbummaa akka qabdu nidubbatama.

Abbaa qabeenya beeyilada ball'a garaagarummaa sanyii fi lubbuqabeeyyii adda adda kan madaqan, kan dirrefi kan bishaan keessaatis kan qabdudha. Sanyiiwwan bineensoota bosonaa fi kan bishaanii keessaa 105 kan ta'anuu mimmiidhagoota.

Baa'ina Lubbuuqabeeyyii wabii Nyataatiif

Qotee bulaan biyya keenyaa baroota kuma hedduu irraa eegalee fayyadama kan jiraate qabeenya isaa baa'ina lubbuuqabecyyii uumamaann argateniidha. Qabeeyyiin kun baayina lubbuu keessaa (genetic diversity) barakaa isaatiin fi beekumsa fi muxxanoo isaatiinii fi teekineeloojiiwwan ammayyaatiin gargaaramuudhaan fedhii nyaataa biyyatti keessummeessaa tureera.



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